

Intel Server Board S5000PAL with Intel Xeon processor 5160 WebBench 5.0 performance report

Executive summary

Intel Corporation (Intel) commissioned Principled Technologies (PT) to measure the WebBench performance on two Dual-Core processor-based servers using the following two motherboards and processors:

- Intel Server Board SE7520AF2 with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 2.80GHz
- Intel Server Board S5000PAL with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 5160

KEY FINDINGS

- The Intel Server Board S5000PAL with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 5160 delivered a 41.1 percent higher peak WebBench performance than the Intel Server Board SE7520AF2/Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 2.80GHz-based server (see Figure 1).

WebBench 5.0 (128-bit US version) is an industry-standard benchmark for Web server software and hardware. It uses PC clients to send Web requests to the server under test. It generates performance results by incrementally increasing the number of clients making HTTP 1.0 GET requests to the Web server; the result is a curve showing the performance of the server under test. The peak of that curve represents the peak throughput of the server. WebBench reports results in both the total number of requests per second the server handled and its total throughput in bytes per second. To be certain that we found the true peak performance in our testing, we measured the processor utilization on the servers and made sure that it reached or was extremely close to 100 percent during the test.

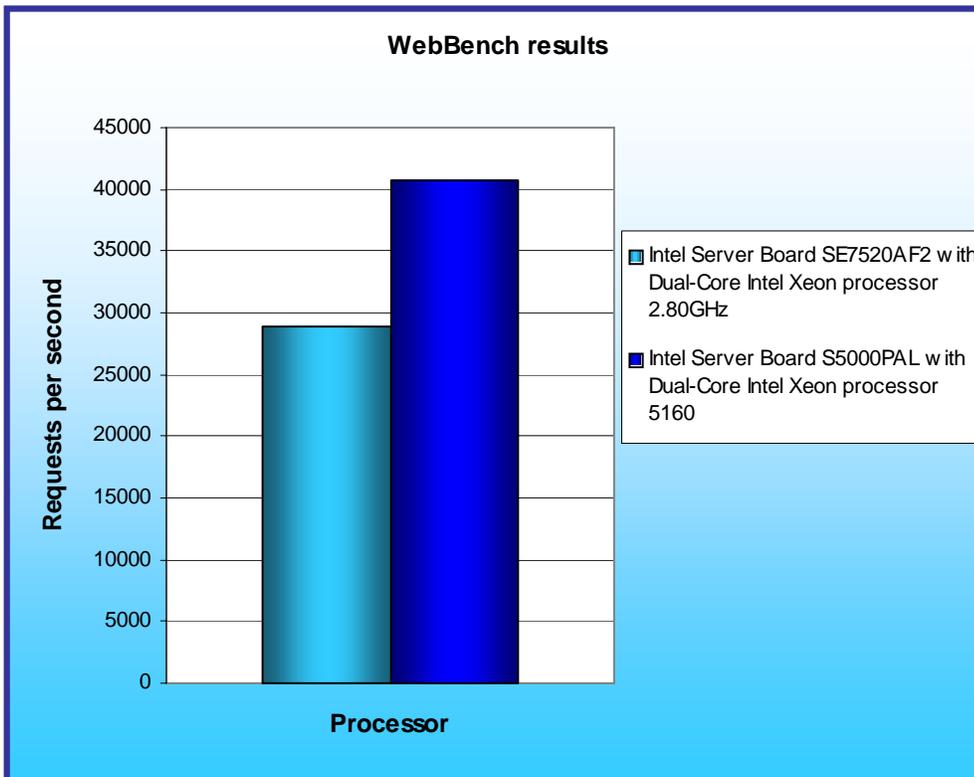


Figure 1: Peak (dual processor) performance of the test servers running WebBench 5.0. Higher numbers of requests per second are better.

Figure 1 shows the median WebBench peak results, in requests per second (rps), of the two test servers. To obtain the median results, we performed three runs with each server and selected the middle peak result of each. A higher number of requests per second is better, because the more Web requests a server can handle, the better.

As Figure 1 illustrates the Intel Server Board S5000PAL with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 5160 produced the highest result of 40,679.7 rps. This result is a more than a 41.1 percent performance increase over the Intel Server Board SE7520AF2 with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 2.80GHz, which achieved a score of 28,837.8 rps.

Test results

We ran WebBench's default ecommerce API test suite, which generates both secure and non-secure static and dynamic HTTP 1.0 GET requests. While running the ecommerce suite, the clients must negotiate to a secure Web server port using the Secure Socket Layer (SSL) protocol. WebBench incrementally increases the number of clients making the HTTP 1.0 GET requests to the Web server. As the workload increases the number of clients, the Web server's processor utilization also increases, until the processor in the Web server is saturated with work. Each workload point with a fixed number of clients is a WebBench "mix". The ecommerce API test suite begins with a mix that involves one client, then a mix with four clients, and then increases the number of clients by four with each mix to a total of 60 clients. A standard WebBench run thus involves 16 mixes.

A WebBench run reports the total requests per second a server can perform and the total throughput, in bytes per second, that the server delivered. WebBench reports these results for each mix. A graph of these results yields a performance curve with a peak at some number of clients.

Figure 2 shows the WebBench peak results in requests per second and in throughput (bytes per second) of the test servers. Each result is the median of three runs.

Server	Requests per Second	Throughput (Bytes per Second)
Intel Server Board SE7520AF2 with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 2.80GHz	28,837.8	116,951,440.9
Intel Server Board S5000PAL with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 5160	40,679.7	164,785,622.9

Figure 2: Median requests per second and throughput results for the two test servers running WebBench. Higher numbers are better.

Figure 3 shows a graph of the WebBench requests per second results for the test server. This graph illustrates the server's performance under load for each of the 16 client mixes. As the number of clients increases, so does the load on the server and the number of requests per second the server must perform. During the first couple of mixes, the client count is low, so the server can handle the load with capacity to spare. As the load increases, however, the server reaches its maximum capacity and the processor utilization becomes 100 percent (or very close to that). The curves below peak and flatten at those points. A higher peak indicates better performance.

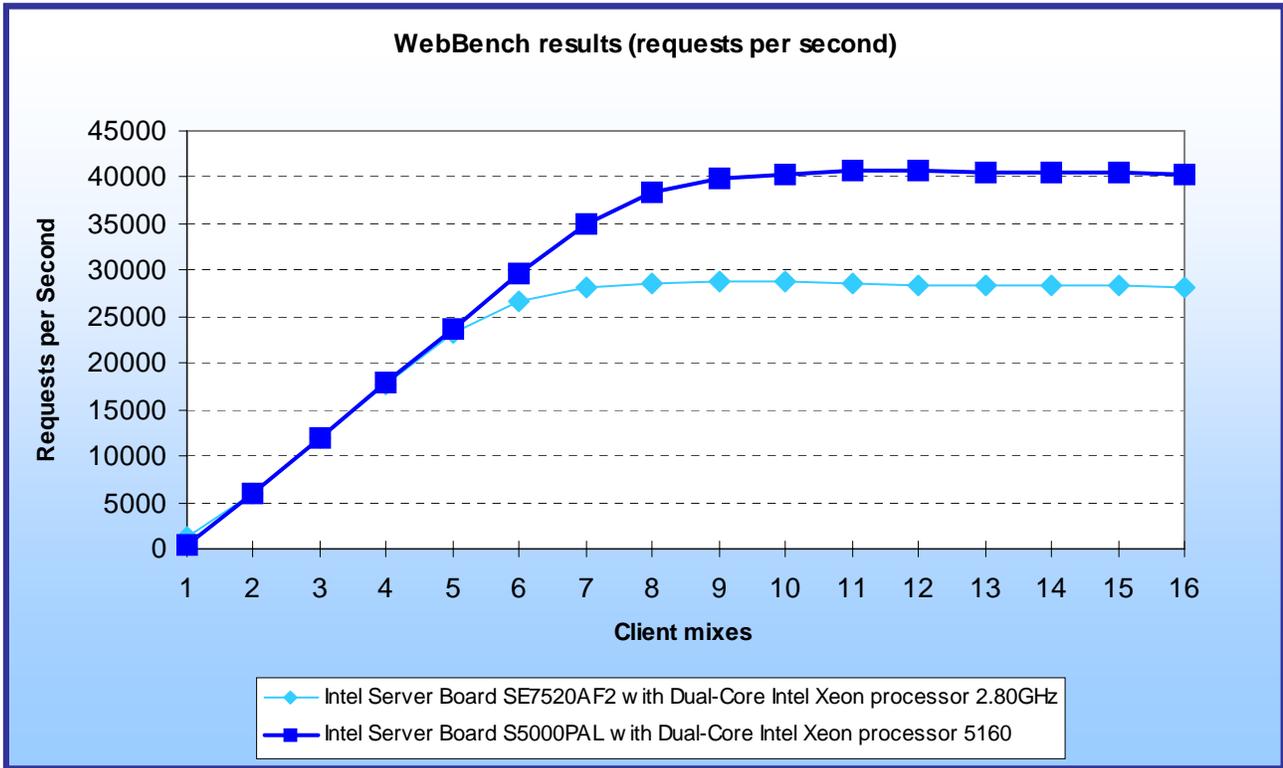


Figure 3: Line graph of the WebBench requests per second results for the two test servers. A higher peak indicates better performance.

Figure 4 shows the WebBench throughput results, in bytes per second, for both servers. As with the previous graph, a higher peak is better.

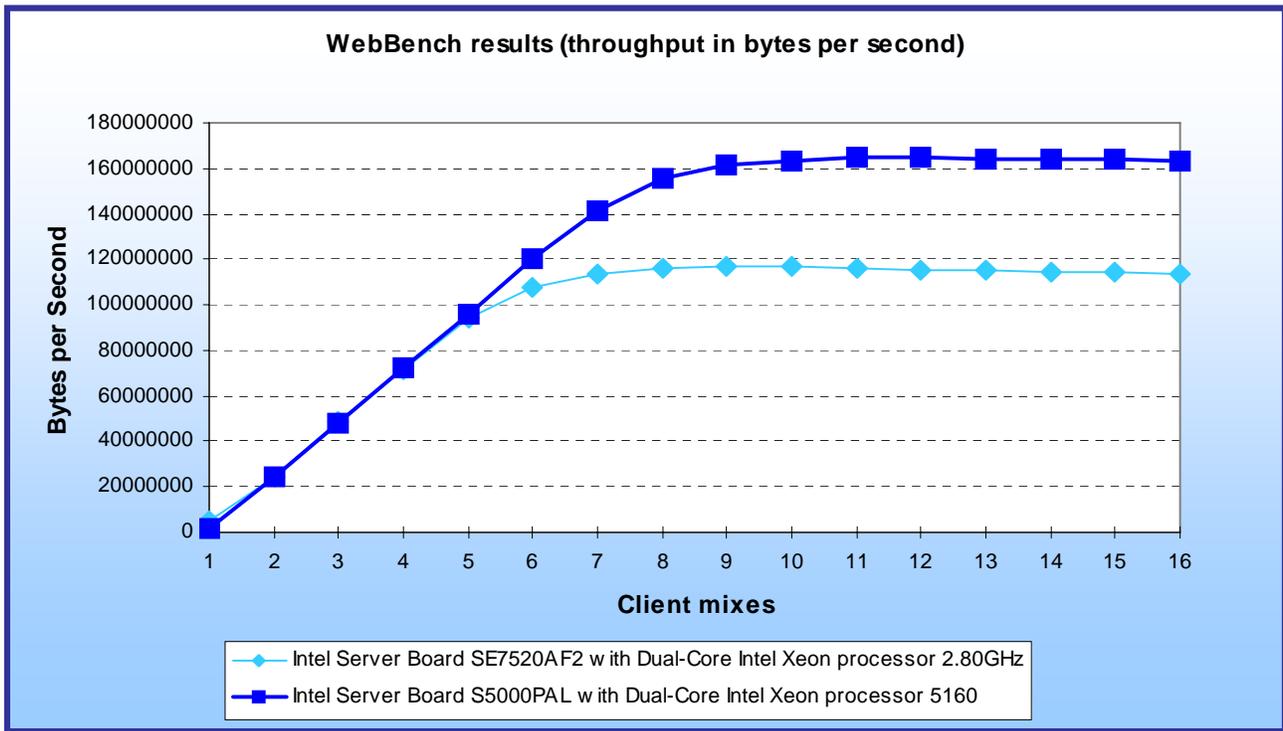


Figure 4: Line graph of the WebBench throughput results for the two test servers. A higher peak indicates better performance.

Test methodology

Figure 5 summarizes some key aspects of the configurations of the two server systems; Appendix A provides detailed configuration information.

Server	Intel Server Board SE7520AF2 with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 2.80GHz	Intel Server Board S5000PAL with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 5160
Processor frequency (GHz)	2.8 GHz	3.0 GHz
Front-side bus frequency (MHz)	800MHz	1333MHz Dual Independent Busses (DIB)
Single/Dual-Core processors	Dual	Dual
Motherboard	Intel SE7520AF2	Intel S5000PAL
Chipset	Intel E7520 Chipset	Intel 5000P Chipset
RAM (8GB in each)	8 x 1GB PC2-3200	8 x 1GB PC2-5300 FB-DIMM
Hard Drive	Western Digital WD1600YD	Western Digital WD1600YD

Figure 5: Summary of some key aspects of the server configurations.

Intel configured and provided the test servers.

The difference in front-side bus reflects the capabilities of the two processors: The Intel Server Board S5000PAL with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 5160 uses a front-side bus speed of 1333 MHz. The Intel Server Board SE7520AF2 with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 2.80GHz has a front-side bus speed of 800 MHz.

Another hardware difference between the servers was the number of processor threads, though both systems offer four processing cores. The Intel Server Board SE7520AF2 with Dual-Core Intel Xeon Processor 2.80 GHz contained Dual-Core processors with HT Technology for a total of eight threads. The Intel Server Board S5000PAL with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 5160 contained dual-core processors.

With the following exception, we used the default BIOS settings on the server: we disabled the HW Prefetcher.

We began our testing by installing a fresh copy of Microsoft Windows 2003 Server, Enterprise Edition Service Pack 1 on each server. We followed this process for each installation:

1. Assign a computer name of "Server".
2. For the licensing mode, use the default setting of five concurrent connections.
3. Enter a password for the administrator log on.
4. Select Eastern Time Zone.
5. Use typical settings for the Network installation.
6. Use "Testbed" for the workgroup.

We applied the following updates for the test server from the Microsoft Windows Update site:

- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB908531)
- Windows Malicious Software Removal Tool – April 2006 (KB890830)
- Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer for Windows Server 2003 (KB916281)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB911562)
- Cumulative Security Update for Outlook Express for Windows Server 2003 (KB911567)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB913446)
- Security Update for Windows Media Player Plug-in (KB911564)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB911927)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB908519)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB912919)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB904706)
- Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB910437)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB896424)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB900725)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB901017)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB899589)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB902400)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB905414)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB899591)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB890046)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB899587)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB896358)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB896422)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB896428)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB893756)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB899588)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB901214)
- Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB898715)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB917953)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB911280)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB918439)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB917344)
- Security Update for Windows Server 2003 (KB914389)

Installing Internet Information Services

WebBench requires a Web server, so we installed the Windows Internet Information Services with the following procedure:

1. Click Start -> Control Panel -> Add/Remove Programs.
2. Select Add/Remove Windows Components.
3. Highlight Application Server and click the Details button.
4. Check the Internet Information Services (IIS) item, and Click OK.
5. Make sure you select enable ASP during the IIS installation.
6. Click the Next button.
7. Click Finish when the installation completes.
8. Close the Add or Remove Programs window.

Deploying WebBench data

WebBench includes data that must reside on the server and that the Web server must use. We loaded that data and set the Web server to use it with the following procedure:

1. Copy the file wbtrees.exe from the WebBench CD to the wwwroot directory on the server under test. (The wbtrees.exe file is on the WebBench CD at \wb50\workload).
2. On the server, execute the wbtrees.exe file. This program will copy the WebBench workload to the server.
3. In the wwwroot folder on the server, create a new folder with the name CGI-BIN.
4. Copy the file simisapi.dll from the wwwroot folder to the CGI-BIN folder.
5. Click Start button -> Programs -> Administrative Tools -> Computer Management to open the management console.
6. Go to Services and Application -> Internet Information Services -> Default Web Site -> CGI-BIN, and right click to bring up a menu. Select Properties.
7. Go to the Directory Tab, and Set Execute Permissions to Scripts and Executables.
8. When the IIS WWW Configuration popup window displays, click Yes.
9. Close the Computer Management window.

Configuring Internet Information Services (IIS)

We configured the Windows Internet Information Services Web server as follows:

1. Open Computer Management.
2. Go to Services and Application -> Internet Information Services.
3. Right click to bring up a menu. Select Properties.
4. Click the MIME Types button.
5. In the MIME Types window, click the New button.
6. In the Extension field, type “*”.
7. In the MIME type field, type “application/octet-stream”. Click the OK button.
8. Click the OK button to exit the MIME Types window.
9. Click the OK button to exit the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager Properties window.
10. In the Computer Management window, go to Web Sites -> Default Web Site under Internet Information Services. Right click it to bring up a menu. Select Properties.
11. Select the Home Directory tab.
12. Check the following boxes: Script source access, Read, Write, and Directory browsing.
13. Uncheck the following boxes: Log visits and Index this resource.
14. In the Execute permissions field, select Scripts and Executables.
15. Click the Apply button.
16. Select the Web Site tab.
17. Uncheck Enable Logging.
18. Click the OK button to close the Default Web Site Properties window.
19. In the Computer Management window, go to the Web Service Extensions item under Internet Information Services.

20. In the right panel, highlight All Unknown ISAPI Extensions and click the Allow button. Acknowledge the IIS Manager warning that appears by clicking the Yes button.
21. In the right panel, highlight All Unknown CGI Extensions and click the Allow button. Acknowledge the IIS Manager warning that appears by clicking the Yes button.
22. Close the Computer Management window.

Installing certificate services

Because WebBench includes tests that involve security, we installed Windows Certificate Services as follows:

1. Click Start -> Control Panel -> Add/Remove Programs.
2. Select Add/Remove Windows Components.
3. Put a check mark by Certificate Services.
4. Accept the notice that the server's name cannot be changed after you install this service.
5. Press Next.
6. Select Stand Alone Root CA, and click Next.
7. On the CA Identifying Information window, enter the server name in the Common name for this CA field, and click Next.
8. Leave the default Certificate Database Settings as they are, and click Next.
9. Click Yes at the prompt asking if you want to enable Active Server Pages (ASP) in IIS.
10. Click yes at the prompt that explains that Internet information Services will be temporarily stopped.
11. Click Next.
12. Click Finish.
13. Click Close.

Setting up Internet Explorer

We had to set up Internet Explorer on the server as follows to be able to get the necessary certificates:

1. Double click the Internet Explorer icon on the desktop.
2. Select the Tools -> Internet Options menu item.
3. On the Connections tab, click the LAN Settings button.
4. Check Automatically detect settings, and click OK.
5. Click OK to exit the Internet Options window.

Requesting the server certificate

We had to set up Internet Explorer on the server as follows to be able to get the necessary certificates:

1. Open Internet Explorer and enter the following website, <http://server/certsrv>. This should bring up a page entitled "Microsoft Certificate Services – server".
2. Select Request a Certificate link.
3. Select Advanced Certificate Request link.
4. Select "Create and submit a certificate request to this CA" link.
5. Fill out the appropriate Identifying Information details on the Advanced Certificate Request.
 - Name: Performance
 - Company: PT
 - Type of certificate needed: Server Authentication Certificate
 - Key Options:
 - CSP: Microsoft Base Cryptographic Provider v1.0
 - Usage: Exchange and Signature – select both
 - Key size: 512
 - Check "Automatic key container name"
 - Check "Store certificate in the local computer certificate store"
 - Additional Options:
 - Hash Algorithm: SHA-1
 - Otherwise use default

6. Click [Submit]. Acknowledge the "Potential Scripting Violation" by clicking the [Yes] button.
7. There should now be a page informing that there is a Certificate Pending.

Issuing the server certificate

Next we had to issue a server certificate as follows:

1. Select Start -> Programs -> Administrative Tools -> Certification Authority.
2. Click the server's name.
3. Select Pending Requests.
4. Right click Pending Requests, select All Tasks, and choose Issue.
5. Close Certification Authority.

Installing the server certificate

We then installed the server certificate as follows:

1. Open Internet Explorer.
2. Go to the page <http://server/certsrv> again.
3. Click the View the status of a pending certificate link.
4. Click the Server Authentication Certificate link.
5. Click the Install this Certificate link.
6. Acknowledge the Potential Scripting Violation warning by clicking the OK button.
7. A message will note that a certificate has been successfully installed.
8. Close Internet Explorer.

Setting IIS to use the server certificate

We then set IIS to use the server certificate as follows:

1. Click Start -> Programs -> Administrative Tools -> Computer Management to open the management console.
2. Select Services and Applications -> Internet Information Services->Web Sites.
3. Right click the Default Web site, and select Properties.
4. Select the Directory Security tab, and Click the Server Certificate button.
5. The Welcome to the Web Server Certificate Wizard window appears. Click Next.
6. Select Assign an Existing Certificate, and click Next.
7. Select your server certificate (Intended Purpose: Server Authentication). Click Next.
8. Accept the default SSL port (443) in the next window that appears, and click Next.
9. On the Certificate Summary screen click Next.
10. Click Finish.

Creating SSL Communication

Finally, we had to enable SSL communication as follows:

1. Go to Computer management - > Services and Application -> Internet Information Services.
2. Expand the Default Web site.
3. Expand wbtrees.
4. Right click Wbsssl, and select properties.
5. Select the Directory Security tab.
6. Click the Edit button under Secure communications.
7. Check Require secure channel (SSL).
8. Check Require 128-bit encryption.
9. Click OK.
10. Click OK.

We then set the following operating system tuning parameters to reflect the WebBench recommendations in the Microsoft Performance Tuning Guidelines for Windows Server 2003 document, available on Microsoft's Web site.

- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\Inetinfo\Parameters\MaxCachedFileSize to 1048576
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\HTTP\Parameters\UriMaxUriBytes to 1048576
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\FileSystem\NtfsDisableLastAccess to 1
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\Tcpip\Parameters\MaxHashTableSize to 65535

Network test bed configuration

To generate the WebBench workload, we used a network with 60 client PCs. Each PC contained an Intel Pentium 4 3.0 GHz with HT Technology (or faster) processor, 512 MB of system memory, a 40 GB hard drive, and a Gigabit Ethernet network adapter. We configured each client with Windows XP Professional with Service Pack 2 and all critical updates available as of January 3, 2006.

We split the 60 clients into four segments, or subnets, of 15 clients each. We connected each segment to the server under test via one NETGEAR GS724T Gigabit Smart Switch. To balance the load on the server and to prevent a network throughput bottleneck, we connected each segment to a separate port of the Intel PRO/1000 PT Dual Gigabit Server adapters. Figure 6 illustrates the test bed configuration.

Each subnet contains 15 PCs. Each has an Intel Pentium 4 3.0-GHz with HT Technology (or faster) processor, 512MB of RAM, a 40GB (or larger) hard disk, and a Gigabit Ethernet network adapter.

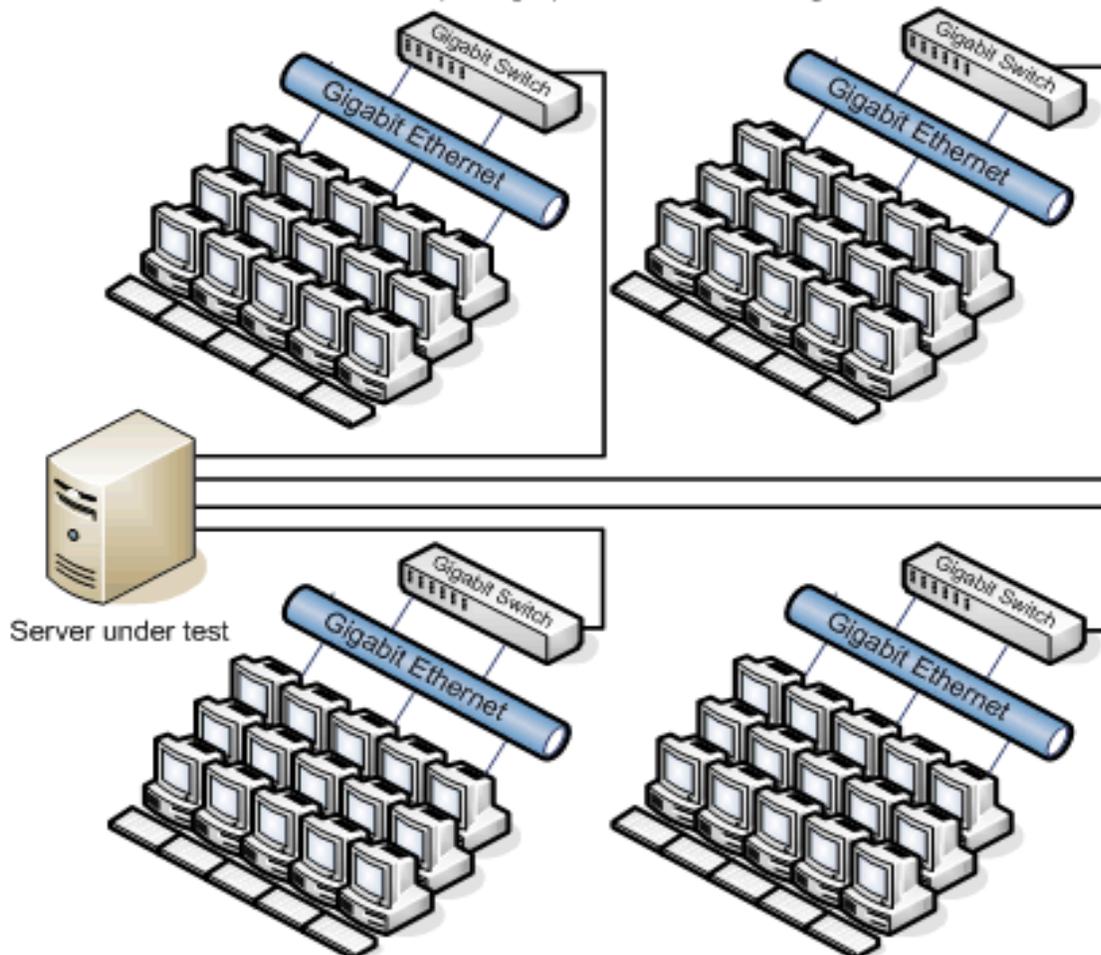


Figure 6: Illustration of the test network we used to generate the WebBench workload.

Appendix A – Test server configuration information

This appendix provides detailed configuration information about each of the test server systems.

System	Intel Server Board SE7520AF2 with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 2.80GHz	Intel Server Board S5000PAL with Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 5160
System configuration information		
General		
Processor and OS kernel: (physical, core, logical) / (UP, MP)	2P4C8L / MP	2P4C4L / MP
Number of physical processors	2	2
Single/Dual-Core processors	Dual	Dual
System Power Management Policy	Always On	Always On
CPU		
Vendor	Intel	Intel
Name	Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 2.80GHz	Dual-Core Intel Xeon Processor 5160
Stepping	8	4
Socket type	mPGA-604	LGA 775
Core frequency (GHz)	2.8 GHz	3.0 GHz
Front-side bus frequency (MHz)	800 MHz	1333MHz Dual Independent Busses (DIB)
L1 Cache	16 KB + 12 KB	32 KB + 32 KB
L2 Cache	4 MB (2 MB per core)	4 MB (Shared)
Platform		
Vendor and model number	Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 2.80GHz server	Dual-Core Intel Xeon Processor 5160 server
Motherboard model number	Intel Server Board SE7520AF2	Intel Server Board S5000PAL
Motherboard chipset	Intel E7520 Chipset	Intel 5000P Chipset
Motherboard revision number	C4	92
Motherboard serial number	CWA46090031B	BZAU61500126
BIOS name and version	American Megatrends SE7520AF20.85B.P.10.00.0109.02 0820061639 02/08/2006	Intel Corporation S5000.86B.01.00.0045.0523200609 59, 5/23/2006
BIOS settings	HW Prefetcher and Adjacent Cache Line Prefetcher disabled	HW Prefetcher and Adjacent Cache Line Prefetcher disabled
Chipset INF driver	7.3.1.1013	7.4.0.1005
Memory module(s)		
Vendor and model number	Infineon 72T128000HR5A	Micron MT18HTF12872FDY
Type	PC2-3200	FB-DIMM using PC2-5300 components
Speed (MHz)	400	667
Speed in the system currently running @ (MHz)	400	667
Timing/Latency (tCL-tRCD-tRP-tRASmin)	3-3-3-11	5-5-5-12
Size	8192 MB	8192 MB
Number of RAM modules	8	8
Chip organization	Double-sided	Double-sided
Channel	Dual	Dual

Hard disk		
Vendor and model number	Western Digital WD1600YD	Western Digital WD1600YD
Number of disks in system	1	1
Size	160 GB	160 GB
Buffer Size	16 MB	16 MB
RPM	7200	7200
Type	SATA	SATA
Controller	Intel 82801EB Ultra ATA	Intel 631xESB Serial ATA
Controller Driver	Intel 6.3.0.1005	Intel 7.4.0.1005
Operating system		
Name	Microsoft Windows 2003 Server, x32 Enterprise Edition	Microsoft Windows 2003 Server, x32 Enterprise Edition
Build number	3790	3790
Service Pack	SP1	SP1
Microsoft Windows update date	6/22/2006	6/22/2006
File system	NTFS	NTFS
Kernel	ACPI Multiprocessor x32-based PC	ACPI Multiprocessor x32-based PC
Language	English	English
Microsoft DirectX version	DirectX 9.0c	DirectX 9.0c
Graphics		
Vendor and model number	ATI RAGE XL	ATI ES1000
Chipset	ATI RAGE XL PCI	ATI ES1000 PCI
BIOS version	GR-xlints3y.019-4.333	BK-ATI VER008.005.023.000
Type	Integrated	Integrated
Memory size	8 MB	16 MB
Resolution	1024 x 768	1024 x 768
Driver	ATI 5.10.2600.6014	ATI 8.24.3.0
Network card/subsystem		
Vendor and model number	Intel Pro/1000 MT Dual Port Network Connection	Intel PRO/1000 EB Dual Port Network Connection
Type	Integrated	Integrated
Driver	Intel 8.6.17.0	Intel 9.3.28.0
Additional card information	2 x Intel PRO/1000 PT Dual Port Server Adapter	2 x Intel PRO/1000 PT Dual Port Server Adapter
Additional card driver	Intel 9.3.28.0	Intel 9.3.28.0
Optical drive		
Vendor and model number	LITE-ON SHD-16P1S	Matsushita UJDA750
Type	DVD-ROM	DVD/CDRW
Interface	Internal	Internal
USB ports		
# of ports	5	3
Type of ports (USB1.1, USB2.0)	USB 2.0	USB 2.0

Figure 7: Detailed system configuration information for the two test servers.

Appendix B – Test network configuration

This appendix provides configuration information about the test network we used to run WebBench 5.0 against the test servers.

Client #	Make/Model	Processor Speed	Memory Size/Type
Segment/Subnet 1			
Client 1	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 2	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 3	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 4	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 5	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 6	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 7	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 8	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 9	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 10	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 11	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 12	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 13	Custom built	Intel Pentium 4 3.2GHz w/HT	512MB PC2-5300
Client 14	HP d4100y	Intel Pentium D 3.2GHz (DC)	1GB PC2-4300
Client 15	Dell Optiplex GX280	Intel Pentium 4 3.4GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Segment/Subnet 2			
Client 16	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 17	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 18	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 19	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 20	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 21	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 22	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 23	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 24	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 25	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 26	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 27	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 28	Custom built	Intel Pentium 4 3.2GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 29	HP a750y	Intel Pentium 4 3.2GHz w/HT	512MB DDR2-400
Client 30	Custom built	Intel Pentium 4 3.6GHz w/HT	512MB PC2-4300
Segment/Subnet 3			
Client 31	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 32	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 33	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 34	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 35	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 36	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 37	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 38	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 39	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 40	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 41	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 42	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200

Client 43	HP dc5100mt	Intel Pentium 4 3.2GHz w/HT	512MB PC4200
Client 44	HP m1050Y	Intel Pentium 4 3.2GHz w/HT	1GB PC3200
Client 45	HP Dc7100CMT	Intel Pentium 4 3.4GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Segment/Subnet 4			
Client 46	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 47	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 48	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 49	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 50	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 51	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 52	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 53	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 54	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 55	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 56	Intel Desktop Board D915GMH	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 57	Dell Optiplex GX270	Intel Pentium 4 3.2GHz w/HT	512MB PC2700
Client 58	Custom built	Intel Pentium 4 3.0GHz w/HT	1GB PC3200
Client 59	IBM ThinkCentre 842243U	Intel Pentium 4 3.4GHz w/HT	512MB PC3200
Client 60	Custom built	Intel Pentium 4 3.6GHz w/HT	512MB PC2-4300

Figure 8: Configuration information about the test network.



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