



The science behind the report:

Dell PowerEdge XE9680 servers with AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators: the power to host GenAI with Llama 3.1 405B LLMs

This document describes what we tested, how we tested, and what we found. To learn how these facts translate into real-world benefits, read the report Dell PowerEdge XE9680 servers with AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators: the power to host GenAl with Llama 3.1 405B LLMs.

We concluded our hands-on testing on March 31, 2025. During testing, we determined the appropriate hardware and software configurations and applied updates as they became available. The results in this report reflect configurations that we finalized on March 22, 2025 or earlier. Unavoidably, these configurations may not represent the latest versions available when this report appears.

Our results

To learn more about how we have calculated the wins in this report, go to http://facts.pt/calculating-and-highlighting-wins. Unless we state otherwise, we have followed the rules and principles we outline in that document.

Table 1: Results of our PTChatterly testing.

| | Dell PowerEdge XE9680 4 x AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators | Dell PowerEdge XE9680 8 x AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Results | | |
| Max users reached | 72 | 136 |
| Cut off on question response time (s) | 30 | 30 |
| Threshold percentage | 95% | 95% |
| Median threshold (s) | 15 | 15 |
| CPU AVG %UTIL @ max users | 3.3 | 6.1 |
| GPU AVG %UTIL @ max users | 97.2 | 97.2 |
| Idle power (W) | 4,802 | 4,998 |
| Active power (W) | 6,459.3 | 8,029.3 |

| | Dell PowerEdge XE9680 4 x AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators | Dell PowerEdge XE9680 8 x AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Test parameters | | | |
| LLM version | rocm/vllm:rocm6.3.1_mi300_ubuntu22.04_ py3.12_vllm_0.6.6 | rocm/vllm:rocm6.3.1_mi300_ubuntu22.04_ py3.12_vllm_0.6.6 | |
| LLM model | amd/Llama-3.1-405B-Instruct-FP8-KV | amd/Llama-3.1-405B-Instruct-FP8-KV | |
| LLM instances | 1 | 2 | |
| Corpus | airbnb | airbnb | |
| Corpus # of listings | 487,974 | 487,974 | |
| Corpus total text size (MB) | 1,952.69 | 1,952.69 | |
| # of questions in conversation | 1-9 | 1-9 | |
| Think time (s) | 2.5 | 2.5 | |
| Think time range (s) | 1 | 1 | |
| Ladder delay(s) (divided by number of users for each run) | 10 | 10 | |
| User delay basis (s) | 30 | 30 | |
| Max user delay (s) | 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| Maximum # of tokens per prediction | 128 | 128 | |
| Prompt context size | 8,192 | 8,192 | |
| Threads (CPU only) | Default | Default | |
| Full options for LLM service | "VLLM_USE_TRITON_FLASH_ATTN=0swap-space 16disable-log-requestsdtype float16quantization fp8kv-cache-dtype fp8tensor-parallel-size 4gpu-memory-utilization 0.9max-model-len 8192max-num-batched-tokens 8192num-scheduler-steps 1max-seq-len-to-capture 256max-num-seqs 256distributed-executor-backend mpenable-chunked-prefillenable-prefix-caching" | "VLLM_USE_TRITON_FLASH_ATTN=0swap-space 16disable-log-requestsdtype float16quantization fp8kv-cache-dtype fp8tensor-parallel-size 4gpu-memory-utilization 0.9max-model-len 8192max-num-batched-tokens 8192num-scheduler-steps 1max-seq-len-to-capture 256max-num-seqs 256distributed-executor-backend mpenable-chunked-prefillenable-prefix-caching" | |
| Benchmark mode | Timed Ladder | Timed Ladder | |
| Begin run with # users | 1 | 1 | |
| Increment by # users | 1 | 1 | |
| Broker endpoint | http://100.67.190.137:8072/prompts | http://100.67.190.137:8072/prompts | |
| Broker version | v2025.03.2.10 (22 March 2025) | v2025.03.2.10 (22 March 2025) | |
| Client version | v2025.03.2.09 (18 March 2025) | v2025.03.2.10 (22 March 2025) | |

Cost analysis

In Tables 2 through 7, we detail the various costs and assumptions we used to create our example 5-year TCO for 6x Dell PowerEdge XE9680 servers each with eight AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators. As with any TCO calculation, your expected costs will vary depending on several factors.

Total systems required for equivalent performance

Table 2: The results of our PTChatterly testing extrapolated to the number of users a rack of six servers could support. Source: Principled Technologies.

| | 6 x Dell PowerEdge XE9680 with AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators | Notes |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Servers | | |
| Total number of systems in one rack | 6 | Number of servers that fit in a 60kW rack |
| Total number of users in one rack | 816 | 136 simultaneous AI chatbot users per server times 6 servers |

Hardware costs

Table 3: Estimated hardware costs for 6x Dell PowerEdge XE9680 with AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators. Source: Principled Technologies.

| | 6x Dell PowerEdge XE9680 with AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators | Notes |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------|
| Configuration details | | |
| System | 1x PowerEdge XE9680 | |
| CPU | 2x Intel Xeon Platinum 8468 | |
| Memory | 32x 64GB DDR5 | |
| OCP NIC | 1x Broadcom Gigabit Ethernet BCM5720 | |
| Power supply | 6x 2800W PSU | |
| NVMe | 8x 3.84 NVMe U.2 | |
| Boss | 2x 480GB M.2 | |
| GPU | AMD Instinct MI300X 8-way | |
| Total cost for one system | \$1,213,371.49 | |
| Total cost for six systems (one rack) | \$7,280,228.94 | |

Power and cooling costs

Table 4: Power and cooling cost estimates over five years for 6x Dell PowerEdge XE9680 with AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators. Source: Principled Technologies.

| | 6x Dell PowerEdge XE9680 with AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators | Notes |
|--|--|--|
| Cost per kWh | 0.1701 | Avg price of electricity Nov 2024 https://www.eia.gov/electricity/monthly/epm_table_ grapher.php?t=table_es1a |
| Hours in year | 8,760 | |
| Percentage time under load/active (remainder idle) | 0.50 | Assume 50% active (12 hours per day), but this can be set to any percentage of total operating time we feel comfortable assuming the servers would be under full load. |
| Power usage per server (watts-active) | 8,029 | |
| Power usage per server (watts-idle) | 4,998 | |
| Typical watts | 6513.5 | Calculation: (% time active * watts-active) + (% time idle * watts-idle) |
| Annual kWh per server | 57058.26 | |
| Total annual energy cost per server | \$9,705.61 | |
| Total 5y energy cost per server | \$48,528.05 | |
| Total 5y cost for all required systems | \$291,168.30 | |

Datacenter space costs

Table 5: Data center space cost estimates over five years for 6x Dell PowerEdge XE9680 with AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators. Source: Principled Technologies.

| | 6x Dell PowerEdge XE9680 with AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators | Notes |
|---|--|---|
| Rack units per server (u) | 6 | |
| Annual data center costs per rack (42u) | \$2,000.00 | PT estimate. Could vary \$1,000 - \$3,000+ depending on location, bandwidth, infra, and other factors. See https://cyfuture.cloud/kb/colocation/how-muchdoes-renting-rack-space-cost-key-factors-to-consider. Including infrastructure requirements, a full cabinet is assumed. |
| Annual cost for all required systems | \$2,000.00 | |
| Total 5y cost for all required systems | \$10,000.00 | |

Maintenance and administration costs

Table 6: Maintenance and administration cost estimates over five years for 6x Dell PowerEdge XE9680 with AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators. Source: Principled Technologies.

| | 6x Dell PowerEdge XE9680 with AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators | Notes |
|---|--|---|
| Number of servers per IT admin | 100 | PT estimate. Could vary significantly based on management/infrastructure factors. |
| Number admins needed for all required systems | 0.06 | Total required systems divided by number of servers per IT admin. |
| Average salary of an administrator | \$100,580.00 | Average for network and computer systems administrator, BLS May 2023 https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes_nat.htm. |
| Burden rate | 0.2962 | Burden rate for private industry workers, BLS Sept 2024 https://www.bls.gov/news.release/ecec.nr0.htm |
| Average burdened salary | \$130,368.90 | Average salary * (1 + burden rate) |
| Annual administration cost | \$7,822.13 | |
| Total 5y administration cost | \$39,110.67 | |

Operational costs

Table 7: Operational cost estimates over five years for 6x Dell PowerEdge XE9680 with AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators. Source: Principled Technologies.

| | 6 x Dell PowerEdge XE9680 with AMD Instinct MI300X Accelerators | Notes |
|--------------------------------|---|-------|
| Number of systems required | 6 | |
| Total system cost | \$7,280,228.94 | |
| Total 5y power cost | \$291,168.30 | |
| Total 5y datacenter space cost | \$10,000.00 | |
| Total 5y maintenance cost | \$39,110.67 | |
| Total 5y costs | \$7,620,507.91 | |

System configuration information

Table 8: Detailed information on the systems we tested.

| System configuration information | Dell PowerEdge XE9680 server | Dell PowerEdge R660 client |
|--|---|---|
| BIOS name and version | Dell 2.4.4 | Dell 2.4.4 |
| Non-default BIOS settings | N/A | N/A |
| Operating system name and version/build number | Ubuntu 22.04.5 LTS Kernel version 5.15.0-133-generic | Ubuntu 22.04.5 LTS Kernel version 5.15.0-133-generic |
| Date of last OS updates/patches applied | 2/24/25 | 2/24/25 |
| Power management policy | Performance | Performance |
| Processor | | |
| Number of processors | 2 | 1 |
| Vendor and model | Intel® Xeon® Platinum 8468 | Intel Xeon Gold 6448Y |
| Core count (per processor) | 48 | 32 |
| Core frequency (GHz) | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Max turbo frequency (GHz) | 3.8 | 4.1 |
| Stepping | 6 | 8 |
| Memory module(s) | | |
| Total memory in system (GB) | 2,048 | 512 |
| Number of memory modules | 32 | 16 |
| Vendor and model | Samsung® M321R8GA0BB0-CQKZJ | Hynix® HMCG88AEBRA107N |
| Size (GB) | 64 | 32 |
| Туре | PC5-38400 | PC5-38400 |
| Speed (MT/s) | 4,800 | 4,800 |
| Speed running in the server (MT/s) | 4,800 | 4,800 |
| Storage controller | | |
| Vendor and model | N/A | PERC H965i Front (Embedded) |
| Cache size (GB) | N/A | 8GB |
| Firmware version | N/A | 8.8.0.0.18-31 |
| Driver version | N/A | 8.0.0.69.0 |
| Local storage | | |
| Number of drives | 1 | 4 |
| Drive vendor and model | Dell NVMe® PM1733a RI 3.84TB | Samsung PM1645a MZILT800HBHQ0D3 |
| Drive size (GB) | 2,980 | 800 |
| Drive information (speed, interface, type) | PCle gen4x4, NVMe, SSD | 12Gbps, SAS, SSD |
| Purpose | OS, application | OS, application |

| System configuration information | Dell PowerEdge XE9680 server | Dell PowerEdge R660 client |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Network adapter | | |
| Vendor and model | Broadcom® BCM5720 Gigabit Ethernet | Broadcom BCM5720 Gigabit Ethernet |
| Number and type of ports | 2 x 1GbE | 2 x 1GbE |
| Driver version | tg3 5.15.0-133-generic | tg3 5.15.0-133-generic |
| Accelerators | · | |
| Vendor and model | AMD® Instinct™ MI300X | N/A |
| Number | 8 | N/A |
| Memory type | НВМ3 | N/A |
| Memory size | 192GB | N/A |
| Memory bandwidth | 5.3 TB/s | N/A |
| Power cap limit | 750W | N/A |
| Connection | Infinity Fabric™, PCIe gen5, 16 lanes | N/A |
| Driver | 6.3.1.60301 | N/A |
| Cooling fans | | |
| Vendor and model | Dell Gold | Dell Gold |
| Number of cooling fans | 32 | 16 |
| Power supplies | | · |
| Vendor and model | Dell 0FX9WJA01 | Dell 07DWXYA01 |
| Number of power supplies | 6 | 2 |
| Wattage of each (W) | 2,800 | 1,400 |

How we tested

Software versions

- OS: Ubuntu Server 22.04.5 LTS (kernel version 5.15.0-133-generic)
- ROCm driver: 6.3.1.60301-48~22.04
- Docker: docker-ce 5:28.0.0-1~ubuntu.22.04~jammy
- HAproxy: 2.4.24-0ubuntu0.22.04.1
- VectorDB: qdrant/qdrant:v1.13.4
- VectorDB model: sentence-transformers/msmarco-distilbert-cos-v5
- VectorDB precision: FP32
- Embedding server: michaelf34/infinity:0.0.67
- Embedding server model: sentence-transformers/msmarco-distilbert-cos-v5
- Embedding server precision: FP32
- Go Lang version: 1.23.1
- PTChatterly client: v2025.03.2.09 (18 March 2025)
- PTChatterly broker: v2025.03.2.10 (22 March 2025)
- LLM server (AMD GPU): rocm/vllm:rocm6.3.1_mi300_ubuntu22.04_py3.12_vllm_0.6.6
- LLM model (AMD GPU): amd/Llama-3.1-405B-Instruct-FP8-KV
- LLM model precision: FP8
- Nmon: 16q

Configuring the system under test (SUT)

- 1. Install Ubuntu Server 22.04.5 LTS, making sure that sshd is included and running.
- 2. Configure Ubuntu OS following the instructions in the section Configuring Ubuntu 22.04.
- 3. Install Docker following the instructions in the section Installing Docker on Ubuntu.
- 4. Install ROCm drivers following the instructions in the section Installing amdgpu drivers and ROCm.
- 5. Install the nmon resource monitoring tool on the SUT. You can copy the resulting binary file(s) to the remaining systems:

```
# Remove any preinstalled versions of nmon
sudo apt remove -y nmon
# Build requirements:
# ncurses-dev
# gcc, make, and wget (already installed)
sudo apt install ncurses-dev
# Download source files
mkdir nmon_build
cd nmon_build
wget 'https://sourceforge.net/projects/nmon/files/lmon16q.c/download' -O lmon.c
wget 'https://sourceforge.net/projects/nmon/files/makefile/download' -O Makefile
make
sudo install nmon_X86_Ubuntu22_16q /usr/local/sbin/nmon
```

6. Install nmonchart, the nmon parser and chart creator, on the client system:

```
# Set up nmonchart in a convenient directory on the client system
# The script uses the Korn shell
sudo apt install ksh
wget 'https://sourceforge.net/projects/nmon/files/nmonchart42.tar/download' -O nmonchart42.tar
tar -xvf nmonchart42.tar ./nmonchart
# Install nmonchat
sudo install nmonchart /usr/local/sbin/nmonchart
```

Ingesting Airbnb data into the vector database

1. Create a new directory on the SUT:

```
mkdir ingest
cd ingest
```

2. Create and activate a new virtual Python environment:

```
sudo apt install python3-venv
python3 -m venv .ingest
. .ingest/bin/activate
```

- 3. Copy the following files to the directory above:
 - Property listings file dataset: AirbnbProps-20240830.json.gz
 - Python ingestion script: ingestAirBnB.py
- 4. Create symbolic link to property listings file dataset:

```
ln -s AirbnbProps-20240830.json.gz AirbnbProps.json.gz
```

5. Add Python packages:

```
pip3 install -U torch --index-url https://download.pytorch.org/whl/rocm6.2.4
pip3 install -U sentence-transformers
pip3 install -U qdrant-client
```

Configuring the associated client / test harness server

- 1. Install Ubuntu Server 22.04.5 LTS, making sure that sshd is included and running.
- 2. Configure Ubuntu OS following the instructions in Appendix 1.
- 3. Install Docker following the instructions in Appendix 2.
- 4. Install HAProxy:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install haproxy
sudo systemctl disable haproxy
```

5. Install the PTChatterly broker and client.

Configuring Ubuntu 22.04

After installation, perform these configuration steps. We assume the login for the non-root user is ptuser.

1. Enable password-less sudo:

```
echo "$USER ALL=(ALL:ALL) NOPASSWD: ALL" | sudo tee /etc/sudoers.d/$USER sudo chmod 640 /etc/sudoers.d/$USER
```

2. Set time zone:

```
sudo timedatectl set-timezone America/New_York
```

3. Extend the root LVM filesystem, if necessary:

```
sudo lvextend -r -l +100%FREE /dev/ubuntu-vg/ubuntu-lv
```

4. Disable unattended package updates:

```
sudo systemctl stop unattended-upgrades.service sudo systemctl disable unattended-upgrades.service
```

5. Modify the value of the unattended-upgrade variable to 0 in file /etc/apt/apt.conf.d/20auto-upgrades:

```
APT::Periodic::Update-Package-Lists "1";
APT::Periodic::Unattended-Upgrade "0";
```

6. Install the latest updates:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt upgrade
```

7. Install standard Ubuntu packages you will need in subsequent steps:

```
sudo apt install ca-certificates curl wget lsb-release sysstat smartmontools vim nmon numactl
```

8. Reboot the system:

```
sudo shutdown -r now
```

Installing Docker on Ubuntu 22.04

1. Remove any previous Docker packages:

```
for pkg in docker.io docker-doc docker-compose docker-compose-v2 \
    podman-docker containerd runc; do \
    sudo apt remove $pkg
done
```

2. Add Docker's official GPG key:

```
sudo install -m 0755 -d /etc/apt/keyrings
sudo curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg -o /etc/apt/keyrings/docker.asc
sudo chmod a+r /etc/apt/keyrings/docker.asc
```

3. Add the Docker repository to the system:

```
echo \
  "deb [arch=$(dpkg --print-architecture) signed-by=/etc/apt/keyrings/docker.asc] https://download.
docker.com/linux/ubuntu \
  $(. /etc/os-release && echo "$VERSION_CODENAME") stable" | \
    sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/docker.list > /dev/null
sudo apt update
```

4. Install Docker CE:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install docker-ce docker-ce-cli containerd.io docker-buildx-plugin docker-compose-plugin
```

5. Add current user to Docker permissions group, and add docker group to the user's current session:

```
sudo usermod -aG docker $USER
newgrp docker
```

6. Confirm Docker function under non-root user:

```
docker run --rm hello-world
```

7. Enable Docker services:

```
sudo systemctl enable --now docker.service
sudo systemctl enable --now containerd.service
```

Installing amdgpu drivers and ROCm

These instructions assume Ubuntu 22.04.5.

1. Install prerequisite packages:

```
sudo apt install "linux-headers-$(uname -r)" "linux-modules-extra-$(uname -r)"
sudo apt install python3-setuptools python3-wheel libpython3.10
```

2. Configure permissions for GPU access:

```
sudo usermod -a -G video,render $LOGNAME
```

3. Download the amdgpu-install package to add the amdgpu repository:

4. Install amdgpu drivers:

```
sudo amdgpu-install --usecase=dkms
```

5. Install ROCm:

```
sudo amdgpu-install --usecase=rocm
```

- Reboot.
- 7. Validate GPU functionality (Optional):

```
\label{local_substitution} $$ sudo docker run --rm -it --device=/dev/kfd --device=/dev/dri --security-opt seccomp=unconfined $$ --group-add video rocm/rocm-terminal sudo rocminfo $$ $$ --group-add video rocm/rocm-terminal sudo rocminfo $$ $$ --group-add video rocm/rocm-terminal sudo rocminfo $$ --group-add video rocm/rocm-terminal sudo ro
```

LLM parameters:

```
# Adjust --tensor-parallel-size to the number of GPUs you wish to allocate to your vLLM instance
VLLM_USE_TRITON_FLASH_ATTN=0
    --swap-space 16
    --disable-log-requests
   --dtype float16
    --quantization fp8
   --kv-cache-dtype fp8
   --tensor-parallel-size {4 | 8}
    --gpu-memory-utilization 0.9
    --max-model-len 8192
    --max-num-batched-tokens 8192
   --num-scheduler-steps 1
    --max-seq-len-to-capture 256
   --max-num-seqs 256
    --distributed-executor-backend mp
    --enable-chunked-prefill
    --enable-prefix-caching
```

Read the report at https://facts.pt/UI0EJ07

This project was commissioned by Dell Technologies.



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